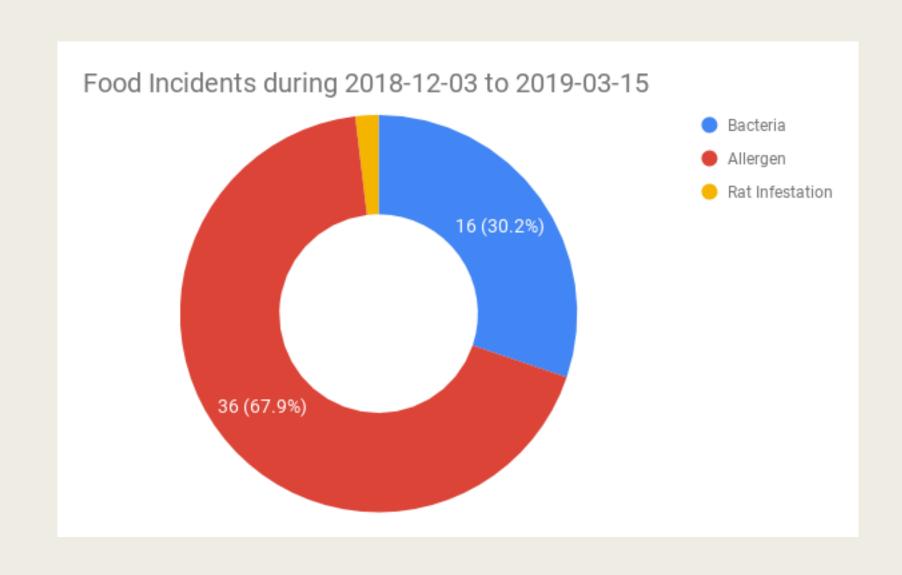
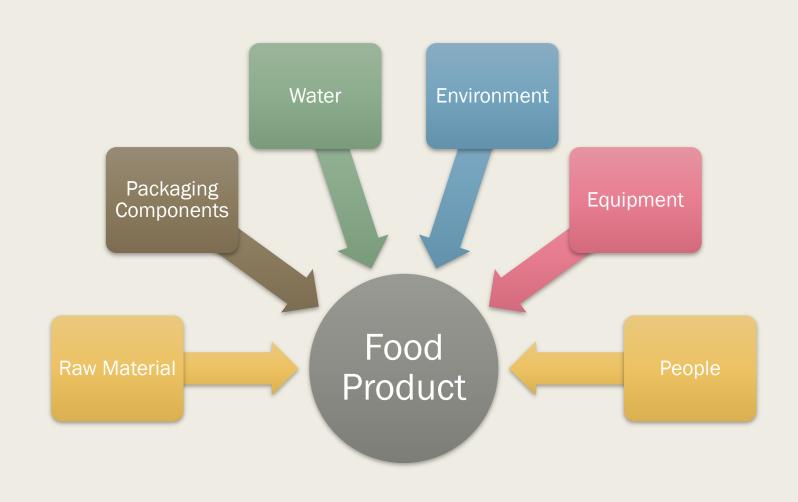
Contamination Control In Food Manufacturing

By Savi Subra

Recent Food Related Recalls-Statistics.



Sources of Contamination



- SOPs (Standard Operating Procedures)
- FIFO (First In First Out)
- Specifications (Specs.)
- Traceability
- HACCP Training
- GMP Training
- COA
- Receiving and Shipping Program

- Certified Suppliers
- Conveyance Vehicles
- Packaging Labels
- Storage Facility
- MSDS



- Temperature Control
 - Shelf-Stable Foods
 - Keep hot foods hot at 60 °C (140 °F) or higher
 - Keep cold foods cool at 4°C (40°F) or colder
 - Danger Zone: (4°C / 40°F 60°C / 140°F)
 - Avoid passing foods through this zone



- Packaging
 - Protects food from contamination / damage during transport & distribution to consumer
- Packaging Controls
 - Environmental Conditions
 - Clean, sanitary area and equipment
 - One-way product flow
 - People Controls
 - Handlers of raw products should not package RTE
 - Operators should be properly trained

Waste Handling

- Solid, liquid, inedible, recycling can cause contamination
- Regular removal from food handling areas, at least daily
- Use leak-free, covered containers, cleaned and sanitized between use, identified and covered
- Bio Hazardous waste should be incinerated before disposal
- Acid Waste should be kept in well defined ,proper Storage Containers

Food Handling

Prevention

- Do not move cooked / RTE into raw product handling areas
- Follow sanitization procedures for all utensils, equipments, and food contact surfaces
- Minimize handling of RTE / cooked products
- Good Personal Practices:
 - Wash Hands
 - Clean & Sanitize Food Contact Surfaces
- Avoid Allergen Cross-Contamination
- Color Coding



Hand Washing

- **Hands Contact-**
 - Food
 - **Food Contact Surfaces**
 - Ingredients
 - **Packaging**
 - **Door Knobs**
 - Telephone/Cell Phone
 - Pick things from Floor
 - Touch Body Parts-esp, Face
 - Place things in the Garbage
 - And More...



1. Rub palm to palm



infected



2. Palm to palm, fingers 3. Right palm over left dorsum and left palm over right dorsum



4. Backs of fingers to opposing palms with fingers interlocked



Rotational rubbing of right thumb clasped in left palm and vice versa



Rotational rubbing back and forwards with clasped fingers of right hand in left palm and vice versa

Personal Protective Gear

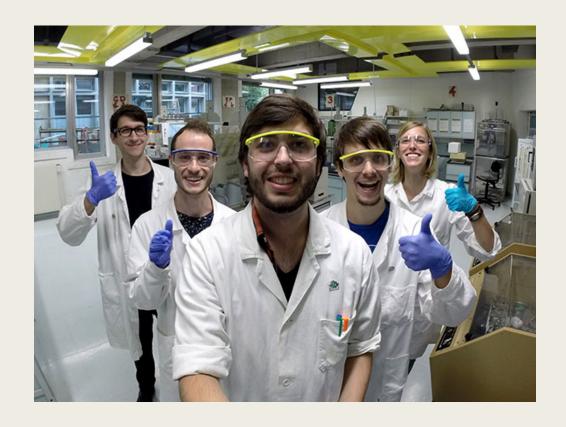
Safety Glasses

Safety Shoes

Disposable Gloves

Clean Uniform/Aprons

Hair Nets



Pest Control Program

- Pest Control
 - Risks of Pest Infestations:
 - Transmission of Disease
 - Damage to food, supplies, property
 - Bad publicity
 - Problematic Pests:
 - Rodents
 - Insects
 - Birds





Pest Control Program pt. 2

- Corrective measures
 - Written action steps to be performed
- Verification & Validation
- Integrated Pest Management (IPM):
 - Inspection
 - Layout Analysis
 - Identification
 - Exclusion
 - Sanitation
 - Treatment strategies
 - Maintenance & Monitoring

Microbial Control

- To prevent spread of infectious agents
- Delay Spoilage
- Keep Products Safe
- Maintain Balance between People & Microbes

Methods:

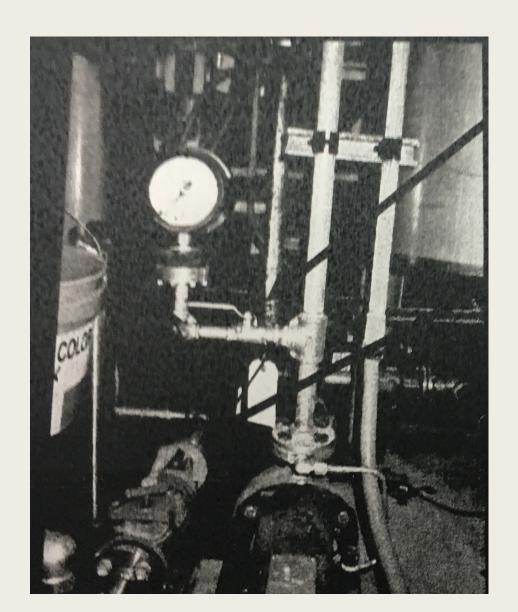
- Physical-----Sterilization
- Chemical----Disinfectants & Sanitizers

Microbial Control - Corrective Action

- Contact Higher Authorities
- Stop Operation
- Conduct Investigation
- Implement Corrective Action
- Documentation
- Verification

Dead Legs and Fittings

- Dead Legs
- Biofilm
- Test
- Validate
- Control



Water

- Source
- Potable/Well Water
- Water Testing
- Water Activity
- Specifications
- Water Purification
- Control



Control & Critical Control Monitoring

- Critical Control Point (CCP)
 - A point, step, or procedure to which control can be applied and microbial contamination can be prevented, eliminated, or the risk reduced to acceptable levels

Control Point

 Any process point, step, or procedure which is controlled by such programs as GMPS, validated SOPs, work instructions, etc.

THANK YOU FOR LISTENING!

Any questions?

If No, Let's Do-Pranayama—Yoga for 3 Minutes

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